ADVOCACY FOR NEUROMUSCULAR DISEASE

ANTHONY A. AMATO, MD Brigham and Women's Hospital Distinguished Chair in Neurology Chief, Neuromuscular Division Professor of Neurology Harvard Medical School

Amato Disclosures

 Medical advisory boards /Consultant for Argenx, Ra Pharmaceuticals, Alexion, Johnson & Johnson (COVID-19 vaccination program)

Learning Objectives

 Advocate for better and proper treatments for our patients with neuromuscular disorders)

Key Messages

- Need for bench and translational research
- Clinical trials with aims of improving function and quality of life
- Better quality of care for our patients in practice

Major Obstacles

- We did with rare diseases that are often slowly progressive
 - Difficultly randomizing enough patients with study long enough to demonstrate a clinically significant benefit
 - What primary outcome measures should we use?
- Cost of Drugs
- Assess to participation in clinical trials and available therapies once approved
 - Inequality of access

Gene Therapies and other Recently Approved Drugs

- Eteplirsen (EXONDYS 51®), golodirsen (VYONDYS 53™), and viltolarsen (VILTEPSO®) have been approved to treat specific types of DMD
- Onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi (ZOLGENSMA®), nusinersen (SPINRAZA®), and an oral-solution, risdiplam (EVRYSDI™), are medications that have been approved for the treatment of SMA
- S-glucosidase replacement for Pompe
- Edaravone for ALS
- Many in trial and development

American Academy of Neurology

- The AAN is advocating for the following permanent federal policy changes:
 - Removing restrictions on the site of service of the patient to ensure that all patients can access care at home and other appropriate locations
 - Ensuring patients maintain access to virtual care without restrictions based on geography
 - Continuing coverage of audio-only services, which are essential to provide health equity for patients lacking high speed internet access or are otherwise unable to operate the necessary technology
 - Ensuring equitable access to telehealth services through the development of universal access to broadband and resources to increase digital literacy to reduce disparities for patients from underrepresented racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic populations

AAN continued

- Supporting sustainable and reasonable reimbursement for audiovisual and audio-only telehealth services
- Funding data collection and more research of telehealth to better understand impact on neurologic patient care
- Maintaining and enhancing federal authority to determine appropriate providers and services for telehealth
- Making federal temporary waiver authority permanent for future emergencies